Óbuda University Keleti Faculty of Business Economics

GSVEV0BMNE Value Based Management

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Institute:	Szervezési és Vezetési Intézet			Kreditérték:	3		
Division:	full time	Ny	elv:	english	Félév:	winter	
Study:	MA in Business Development						
Course Owner:	József Berecz Ph.D.	Teach	er:	József Berecz Ph.D.			
Prerequisites:	Managarial Economics, Accounting & Controlling						
Weekly / semester hours:	weekly Course: 2	Classroom practice:		Lab:	Consultation:		
Requirement:	midterm mark						
Educational purpose:	discusses the link between value creation and EVA and possible advantages and disadvantages of EVA as a performance						
Mid-tern requirements (task, thesis, essay, etc.):	one test, two presentation and one analysis of a company						
Week of	Торіс						
Education							
1.	Value Maximization and Corporate Objectives						
	Objectives of value-based management concepts						
2.	Measuring Income: Financial Statement						
	Purpose and use of ratio analysis						
3.	Measuring Value Creation: Value-Based Performance Measures						
	Discounted Cash Flow as a starting point						
4.	Business valuation						
	Enterprise value vs. Shareholder value						
5.	Value-Based Performance Measures – An Overview						
	Relationships between EVA, MVA, SVA and DCF						
	FCFF, EVA and ROIC						
6.	Calculating EVA						
	Calculating LVA						

7.	Accounting Adjustments: Overview			
	Objectives of accounting adjustments			
8.	Effects of depreciation on performance			
	Expenses with investment character: Successful efforts accounting and R&D costs			
9.	Capitalizing operating leases			
	A framework for thinking about EVA and accounting adjustments			
10.	Calculating the Cost of Capital			
	Calculating the cost of equity: The CAPM, Capital structure choice			
11.	Management Compensation: Objectives and Alternatives			
	Fundamental objectives of management compensation			
12.	Identifying the Drivers of Value Creation			
	Financial and non-financial value drivers			
13.	Working capital management			
	Process-based performance measurement			
14. Grading:	The implementation process			
	Balaced Scorcard, Strategic maps			
	Test must be at least 50% for acceptance and it gives 40%, and the mark of the two presentation and the essay together give the 60% of the total grade.			
Compulsory literature:	Copeland, T Koller, T. Murrin, J.: Valuation: Measuring and Managing the Value of Companies, University Edition (Wiley Finance), 2000			
	Rappaport, A.: Creating Shareholder Value: A Guide for Managers and Investors, 1997			
	Stern, J.M Shiely, J.S Ross, I.: The EVA Challenge: Implementing Value-Added Change in an Organization Wiley & Sons, 2001			
	Stewart, B.: Best-Practice EVA: The Definitive Guide to Measuring and Maximizing Shareholder Value, Wíley & Sons 2013			
Recommended literature:	Damodaran, A.: Investment Valuation: Tools And Techniques For Determining The Value Of Any Asset, 3rd Edition Wiley & Sons (2012)			
	Damodaran, A.: The Little Book of Valuation: How to Value a Company, Pick a Stock and Profit, Wiley & Sons 2011			
	Neely, A Adams, C Kennerley, M.: The performance prism: The Scorecard for Measuring and Managing Business Success, FT Prentice Hall 2002			
	Kaplan, R.S Norton, D.P. : Strategy Maps: Converting Intangible Assets into Tangibl Outcomes, Harvard Business 2004.			